# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# FORM SD

# SPECIALIZED DISCLOSURE REPORT

(Commission File Number)

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter) (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

1-9516

ICAHN ENTERPRISES L.P.

Delaware

13-3398766

333-118021-01

767 Fifth Avenue, Suite 4700 New York, NY 10153

# ICAHN ENTERPRISES HOLDINGS L.P.

Delaware

13-3398767

767 Fifth Avenue, Suite 4700 New York, NY 10153

Peter Reck: (212) 702-4300

(Name and telephone number, including area code, of the person to contact in connection with this report.)

Check the appropriate box to indicate the rule pursuant to which this form is being filed, and provide the period to which the information in this form applies:

X Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13p-1) for the reporting period from January 1 to December 31, 2016.

#### Section 1 - Conflict Minerals Disclosure

# Item 1.01 Conflict Minerals Disclosure and Report.

#### Introduction

This Specialized Disclosure Report on Form SD ("Form SD") of Icahn Enterprises L.P. ("Icahn Enterprises") and Icahn Enterprises Holdings L.P. ("Icahn Enterprises Holdings") and their consolidated subsidiaries has been prepared pursuant to Rule 13p-1 and Form SD promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") for the reporting period of January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016. In this Form SD, "the Company," "we" and "our" refers to Icahn Enterprises and Icahn Enterprises Holdings and their subsidiaries.

Rule 13p-1 under the Exchange Act requires disclosure of certain information when a company manufactures or contracts to manufacture products for which "Conflict Minerals" are necessary to the functionality or production of those products. "Conflict Minerals" for the purposes of Rule 13p-1 are gold, columbite-tantalite (coltan), cassiterite, and wolframite (including their derivatives, tantalum, tin and tungsten, and other minerals or derivatives the U.S. Secretary of State may designate in the future). If Conflict Minerals are necessary to the functionality or production of one or more products that a company manufactures or contracts to manufacture, that company must investigate its supply chain in an effort to determine whether those Conflict Minerals originated in any of the "Covered Countries" under Rule 13p-1. The "Covered Countries" for the purposes of Rule 13p-1 are the Democratic Republic of the Congo (the DRC), the Republic of the Congo, the Central African Republic, South Sudan, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, Tanzania, Zambia and Angola.

#### **Company Overview and Conflict Minerals Reporting**

We are a diversified holding company owning subsidiaries currently engaged in the following continuing operating businesses: Investment, Automotive, Energy, Railcar, Gaming, Metals, Mining, Food Packaging, Real Estate and Home Fashion. We conduct our business principally through our consolidated subsidiaries. For more information regarding our business, see Part I of the Company's most recent annual report on Form 10-K, which can be publicly accessed at www.ielp.com.

We conducted an analysis of our consolidated operating subsidiaries and identified two such subsidiaries - Federal-Mogul LLC ("Federal-Mogul") and American Railcar Industries, Inc. ("ARI") - whose operations involve Conflict Minerals. Our subsidiaries operate and are managed on a decentralized basis and as such, each subsidiary performed separate procedures with respect to our conflict minerals reporting requirements. Accordingly, separate Conflict Minerals Reports ("CMR") with respect to Federal-Mogul's and ARI's businesses have been prepared and are attached to this Form SD as separate exhibits, and which are publicly available at www.ielp.com.

#### Item 1.02 Exhibit.

Conflict Minerals Reports with respect to Federal-Mogul's and ARI's separate businesses are filed as Exhibits 1.01.1 and 1.01.2, respectively, hereto.

#### Section 2 - Exhibits

# Item 2.01 Exhibits.

1.01.1 - Conflict Minerals Report (Federal-Mogul)

1.01.2 - Conflict Minerals Report (ARI)

# SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

# ICAHN ENTERPRISES L.P.

(Registrant)

By: Icahn Enterprises G.P. Inc.,

its general partner

By: /s/ Peter Reck

Peter Reck

Chief Accounting Officer

Date: May 31, 2017

# ICAHN ENTERPRISES HOLDINGS L.P.

(Registrant)

By: Icahn Enterprises G.P. Inc.,

its general partner

By: /s/ Peter Reck

Peter Reck

Chief Accounting Officer

Date: May 31, 2017

# Icahn Enterprises L.P. and Icahn Enterprises Holdings L.P. Conflict Minerals Report (Federal-Mogul LLC)

#### INTRODUCTION

This Conflict Minerals Report ("CMR") of Icahn Enterprises L.P. and Icahn Enterprises Holdings L.P. has been prepared pursuant to Rule 13p-1 and Form SD promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") for the reporting period from January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016 ("the Reporting Period"). Due to the nature of our business, this CMR was prepared to specifically disclose certain information relating to our operating subsidiary, Federal-Mogul LLC ("Federal-Mogul" or the "Company").

Rule 13p-1 under the Exchange Act requires the disclosure of certain information when a company manufactures or contracts to manufacture products for which "Conflict Minerals" are necessary to the functionality or production of those products. "Conflict Minerals" for the purposes of Rule 13p-1 are gold, columbite-tantalite (coltan), cassiterite, and wolframite (including their derivatives, tantalum, tin and tungsten, and other minerals or derivatives the U.S. Secretary of State may designate in the future). The "Covered Countries" for the purposes of Rule 13p-1 are the Democratic Republic of the Congo ("the DRC"), the Republic of the Congo, the Central African Republic, South Sudan, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, Tanzania, Zambia, and Angola.

In accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") guidance, this CMR is not audited.

As required by Rule 13p-1, this CMR relates to products: (i) for which Conflict Minerals are necessary to the functionality or production of those products; (ii) that were manufactured, or contracted to be manufactured, by the Company; and (iii) for which the manufacture was completed during the Reporting Period. These products, which are collectively referred to in this report as the "Covered Products", include railcars and certain railcar components manufactured or sourced by our Manufacturing segment. The Company believes that only a small portion of the materials content of the Covered Products constitute Conflict Minerals necessary to their functionality and/or production.

#### COMPANY OVERVIEW

# The Company

Federal-Mogul is a leading global supplier of technology and innovation in vehicle and industrial products for fuel economy, emissions reduction and safety systems. Federal-Mogul serves the world's foremost original equipment manufacturers ("OEM") and servicers ("OES") (collectively "OE") of automotive, light, medium and heavy-duty commercial vehicles, off-road, agricultural, marine, rail, aerospace, power generation and industrial equipment, as well as the worldwide aftermarket. Federal-Mogul seeks to participate in both of these markets by leveraging its original equipment product engineering and development capability, manufacturing know-how, and expertise in managing a broad and deep range of replacement parts to service the aftermarket. Federal-Mogul believes that it is uniquely positioned to effectively manage the life cycle of a broad range of products to a diverse customer base. Federal-Mogul is a leading technology supplier and, by its estimates, a market share leading in several product categories. As of December 31, 2016, Federal-Mogul had OEM products included on more than 400 global vehicle platforms and more than 800 global powertrains used in light, medium, and heavy-duty vehicles. Furthermore, the Company offers premium brands, OE replacement, and entry/mid-level products for a variety aftermarket customers world-wide. This broad range of vehicle and powertrain applications reinforces the Company's belief in its unique market position.

Federal-Mogul operates with two end-customer focused business segments. The Powertrain segment focuses on original equipment powertrain products for automotive, heavy duty, and industrial applications. The Motorparts segment sells and distributes a broad portfolio of products in the global aftermarket including more than 20 globally-recognized brands. The Motorparts segment also serves original equipment manufacturers with braking, wipers, and a limited range of chassis products. This organizational model allows for a strong product line focus benefitting both original equipment and aftermarket customers. This model enables Federal-Mogul to be responsive to customers' needs for superior products and to promote greater identification with its premium brands. Additionally, this organizational model enhances Federal-Mogul's management's ability to capitalize on opportunities for organic or acquisitive growth, profit improvement, capital allocation, and business model optimization in line with the unique requirements of the two different customer bases and business models.

Powertrain offers its customers a diverse array of market-leading products for OE applications, including pistons, piston rings, piston pins, cylinder liners, engine valves, valve seats and guides, ignition products, dynamic seals, bonded piston seals, combustion and exhaust gaskets, static gaskets and seals, rigid heat shields, engine bearings, industrial bearings, bushings and washers, element resistant systems protection sleeving products, acoustic shielding, and flexible heat shields. Motorparts offers powertrain products, typically manufactured by Powertrain, and is also a leading global manufacturer and distributor of brake disc pads, brake linings, brake blocks, brake system components, chassis and driveline products, engine gaskets and seals, wipers, lighting, and other product lines to OE and aftermarket customers. Motorparts markets its products under more than 20 globally recognized brands through a global distribution network.

Federal-Mogul has manufacturing facilities, technical centers, distribution centers, and warehouses in 24 countries. Accordingly, the Company's reporting segments derive sales from both domestic and international markets.

# Supply Chain

Federal-Mogul's highly engineered products are manufactured from a variety of raw materials and incorporate subcomponents which are distributed through a global supply chain. The Company has relationships with a considerable network of suppliers throughout the world and has found that the majority of its suppliers are three tiers or more removed from smelter and refiner operations. Therefore, Federal-Mogul must rely on its direct suppliers to work with their upstream suppliers in order to provide information on the origin of 3TG contained in components and materials supplied to Federal-Mogul. Federal-Mogul has incorporated disclosure requirements with respect to conflict minerals in its Restricted Substance Management Standard (the "Restricted Substances Standard"), and it is Federal-Mogul's expectation that its suppliers will adopt policies and procedures with respect to conflict minerals.

Because it is not practicable to conduct a survey of all Federal-Mogul suppliers, the Company has developed a risk-based approach to due diligence that focuses on products believed to contain 3TG based on specifications and other documentation (the "product-centric approach"), as well as suppliers thought to potentially provide Federal-Mogul with components and materials incorporating 3TG due to the nature of such components or materials (the "suppliercentric approach"). The Company believes this is a reasonable approach because the combined product-centric and supplier-centric approaches offer a unique level of corroboration in information received from suppliers as compared to information Federal-Mogul maintains on-hand, while also focusing on relevant suppliers.

#### Conflict Minerals Policy

The Company has adopted a conflict minerals policy which is publicly available on its website at <a href="http://www.federalmogul.com/en-us/Suppliers/Pages/ConflictMinerals.aspx">http://www.federalmogul.com/en-us/Suppliers/Pages/ConflictMinerals.aspx</a>.

For additional information about Federal-Mogul's commitment to responsible sourcing and other human rights, see the Company's Code of Conduct at <a href="http://fedmogul.uberflip.com/i/786648-federal-mogul-code-of-conduct-external">http://fedmogul.uberflip.com/i/786648-federal-mogul-code-of-conduct-external</a> and Basic Working Conditions for Suppliers policy at <a href="http://www.federalmogul.com/en-US/Suppliers/Pages/Purchasing-Policies.aspx">http://www.federalmogul.com/en-US/Suppliers/Pages/Purchasing-Policies.aspx</a>.

# REASONABLE COUNTRY OF ORIGIN INQUIRY

For the period from January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016, Federal-Mogul conducted a good faith reasonable country of origin inquiry of 3TG that are necessary to the functionality or production of the products that Federal-Mogul manufactured or contracted with others to manufacture during this period. Based on this reasonable country of origin inquiry, Federal-Mogul was unable to conclude that these 3TG did not originate from the Democratic Republic of the Congo (the "DRC") or adjoining countries (collectively, the "Covered Countries"). Accordingly, Federal-Mogul undertook due diligence measures on the source and chain of custody of the identified necessary 3TG.

# **DUE DILIGENCE PROCESS**

### Design of Due Diligence

Federal-Mogul's due diligence measures conform, in all material respects, with the due diligence framework set forth in *The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas* and the related Supplements for tin, tantalum, and tungsten and for gold.

# Due Diligence Measures Performed

Company Management Systems

Federal-Mogul has adopted a conflict minerals policy, which has been communicated to its suppliers and is publicly available on Federal-Mogul's website.

Federal-Mogul has implemented an internal management structure to manage and oversee Federal-Mogul's conflict minerals activities, consisting of a dedicated conflict minerals team and executive-level Conflict Minerals Steering Committee.

The Company participated in several industry-wide initiatives in an effort to develop conflict-free supply chains, including: the Electronics Industry Citizenship Coalition-Global e-Sustainability Initiative's (EICC-GeSI) Conflict-Free Sourcing Initiative (CFSI), the Automotive Industry Action Group's (AIAG) Conflict Minerals Work Group, and the National Association of Manufacturers' (NAM) Conflict Minerals Task Force. Controls included an integrity policy that outlines the expected behaviors of Federal-Mogul's employees, the Code of Conduct and Basic Working Conditions for Suppliers policy that provides expected business practices for suppliers, and the disclosure requirements with respect to conflict minerals in Federal-Mogul's Restricted Substances Standard.

In addition, the Company has established formal requirements for suppliers related to the use and reporting of 3TG, including the implementation of a supplier conflict minerals solicitation process. Suppliers are required to complete the EICC-GeSI Conflict Minerals Reporting Template (the "CMRT").

Finally, the Company established grievance mechanisms whereby employees, suppliers and other interested parties can report concerns or violations of Federal-Mogul's policies. Such concerns or violations can be made via the Federal-Mogul helpline (which is described at <a href="http://www.federalmogul.com/en-US/Company/Pages/Integrity-Policy.aspx">http://www.federalmogul.com/en-US/Company/Pages/Integrity-Policy.aspx</a>) or through a specific conflict minerals related e-mail address at <a href="mailto:conflictminerals@federalmogul.com">conflictminerals@federalmogul.com</a>.

#### Identify and Assess Risks in Federal-Mogul's Supply Chain

As a downstream user of 3TG, Federal-Mogul is many layers removed from the mine or location from which the 3TG originated and the smelters and refiners which processed the 3TG. The Company solicited relevant suppliers using due diligence tools created by the EICC-GeSI, including the CMRT. Federal-Mogul's solicitation letter included an explanation of the 3TG and the related legal regulations, a request for suppliers to comply with the regulations and respond to Federal-Mogul, and its contact information to direct any questions. Additional solicitations and follow-ups were sent to suppliers that did not respond or provide sufficient information. During 2016, Federal-Mogul solicited approximately 184 identified "High Risk" suppliers.

In addition to comparing the results of the above described supplier-centric approach with Federal-Mogul's internal product-centric approach records, the Company further verified the smelter and refiner and country of origin information provided by our suppliers by comparing it to the information contained on the CFSI website. Through this process, for suppliers who provided names of smelters and refiners, the Company confirmed the audit status of those supplier-reported smelters and refiners. For those suppliers who provided country of origin information for the 3TG, Federal-Mogul confirmed the listed countries of origin for each smelter and refiner if that information was available on the CFSI website.

# Design and Implement a Strategy to Respond to Identified Risks

Federal-Mogul has implemented a risk management plan which includes: requiring suppliers to respond to the CMRT; reviewing and verifying responses from suppliers and following-up on any discrepancies; assigning levels of risk to suppliers based on the results of Federal-Mogul's product-centric and supplier-centric due diligence approaches; and reviewing any identified smelters against the CFSI smelters list to determine audit status. Federal-Mogul monitors the information received from suppliers in response to our solicitations, and regularly shares summaries of this information with its Conflict Minerals Steering Committee. Federal-Mogul is a member of CFSI and uses data from CFSI to confirm the validation status of supplier-reported smelters and refiners, as well as reported country of origin information related to the 3TG sourced from such smelters or refiners, if available.

# Support the Development and Implementation of Independent Third-Party Audits of Smelter and Refiner Sourcing

As a downstream user of 3TG, Federal-Mogul and its direct supply chain are layers removed from the mine or location from which the 3TG originated and the smelters and refiners that process the 3TG. Through our membership and participation in the CFSI, we collaborate at a cross-industry level, and we continue to support the development and implementation of due diligence practices and tools such as the CMRT.

Report on Supply Chain Due Diligence

Federal-Mogul publicly communicates its conflict minerals policy, due diligence activities and related supplier expectations on its website.

#### **DUE DILIGENCE RESULTS**

For products manufactured from January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016, after completing review of its products under Federal-Mogul's product-centric approach, Federal-Mogul solicited approximately 184 identified "High Risk" suppliers including direct materials suppliers that started supplying to Federal-Mogul in 2016 to gather detailed information regarding the existence of the 3TG in products sold to Federal-Mogul, as well as the origin and chain of custody of the 3TG, using the CMRT. Of the 184 identified "High Risk" suppliers solicited under the Company's supplier-centric approach, 184 responded with a fully completed CMRT. Based on completed information provided by our suppliers, Federal-Mogul believes the smelters and refiners that may have been used to produce 3TG in Federal-Mogul's products include those listed on Annex I. Based on completed information provided by our suppliers and information available from the CFSI, Federal-Mogul believes that the countries of origin of 3TG processed by these smelters and refiners include the 37 countries listed on Annex II.

# STEPS TAKEN TO MITIGATE RISK

Federal-Mogul intends to continue to evaluate its due diligence program, and, in particular, intends to annually review the criteria used to select suppliers for solicitation. Federal-Mogul intends to continue to engage with our suppliers to identify the 3TG used within our supply chain, as well as the origin and chain of custody of those 3TG. Federal-Mogul intends to continue to engage with third party programs such as the CFSI, and intends to continue to contact smelters and refiners identified in our supply chain survey process that have not yet received a "conflict free" designation and request their participation in the Conflict-Free Smelter Program or other independent third party audit program in order for them to obtain a "conflict free" designation. Finally, to the extent any Federal-Mogul supplier is found to be using not-yet-validated smelters and refiners within its supply chain, Federal-Mogul intends to engage that supplier and re-communicate our requirement for suppliers to commit to be DRC conflict-free, including, working with the concerned supplier to correct the situation; requesting the supplier to develop a corrective action plan to bring its operations into compliance so that supply to Federal-Mogul can continue; and, if a supplier fails to implement a corrective action plan, moving to terminate the business relationship.

# ANNEX I

# SMELTER OR REFINER FACILITIES AS IDENTIFIED BY SUPPLIER CMRT RESPONSES

Metal	Smelter or Refiner Name	Country
Gold	Advanced Chemical Company	United States
Gold	Aida Chemical Industries Co., Ltd.	Japan
old	Allgemeine Gold- und Silberscheideanstalt A.G.	Germany
old	Almalyk Mining and Metallurgical Complex (AMMC)	Uzbekistan
fold	AngloGold Ashanti Córrego do Sítio Minerção	Brazil
old	Argor-Heraeus SA	Switzerland
old	Asahi Pretec Corporation	Japan
old	Asaka Riken Co., Ltd.	Japan
old	Atasay Kuyumculuk Sanayi Ve Ticaret A.S.	Turkey
old	Aurubis AG	Germany
old	Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (Central Bank of the Philippines)	Philippines
old	Bauer Walser AG	Germany
old	Boliden AB	Sweden
old	C. Hafner GmbH + Co. KG	Germany
old	Caridad	Mexico
old	CCR Refinery - Glencore Canada Corporation	Canada
old	Cendres + Métaux SA	Switzerland
old	Chimet S.p.A.	Italy
old	Chugai Mining	Japan
old	Daejin Indus Co. Ltd	Korea
old	Daye Non-Ferrous Metals Mining Ltd.	China
old	DSC (Do Sung Corporation)	Korea
old	Doduco GmbH	Germany
old	Dowa	Japan
old	Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd.	Japan
old	Elemetal Refining, LLC	United States
old	Emirates Gold DMCC	United Arab Emirates
old	Gansu Seemine Material Hi-Tech Co Ltd	China
old	Guangdong Jinding Gold Limited	China
old	Hangzhou Fuchunjiang Smelting Co., Ltd.	China
old	Heimerle + Meule GmbH	Germany
old	Heraeus Ltd. Hong Kong	Hong Kong
old	Heraeus Precious Metals GmbH & Co. KG	Germany
old	Hunan Chenzhou Mining Group Co., Ltd.	China
old	Hwasung CJ Co., Ltd.	Korea
old	Inner Mongolia Qiankun Gold and Silver Refinery Share Company Limited	China
old	Ishifuku Metal Industry Co., Ltd.	Japan
old	Istanbul Gold Refinery	Turkey
old	Japan Mint	Japan
old	Jiangxi Copper Company Limited	China

Gold	Johnson Matthey Ltd	Canada
Gold	JSC Ekaterinburg Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Plant	Russian Federation
Gold	JSC Uralelectromed	Russian Federation
Gold	JX Nippon Mining & Metals Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	Kazzinc Ltd	Kazakhstan
Gold	Kennecott Utah Copper LLC	United States
Gold	Kojima Chemicals Co., Ltd	Japan
Gold	Korea Metal Co., Ltd.	Korea
Gold	Kyrgyzaltyn JSC	Kyrgyzstan
Gold	L' azurde Company For Jewelry	Saudi Arabia
Gold	Lingbao Jinyuan Tonghui Refinery Co. Ltd.	China
Gold	LS-NIKKO Copper Inc.	Korea
Gold	Luoyang Zijin Yinhui Metal Smelt Co Ltd	China
Gold	Materion	United States
Gold	Matsuda Sangyo Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	Metalor Technologies (Hong Kong) Ltd	Hong Kong
Gold	Metalor Technologies (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
Gold	Metalor Technologies (Suzhou) Ltd.	China
Gold	Metalor Technologies (Suzhou) Etd.  Metalor Technologies SA	Switzerland
Gold	Metalor USA Refining Corporation	United States
Gold	Metalurgica Met-Mex Penoles S.A. De C.V.	Mexico
Gold	Mitsubishi Materials Corporation	
Gold	Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd.	Japan Japan
Gold	MMTC-PAMP India Pvt., Ltd.	Japan India
Gold		Russian Federation
Gold	Moscow Special Alloys Processing Plant Nadir Metal Rafineri San. Ve Tic. A.a.	
		Turkey Uzbekistan
Gold	Navoi Mining and Metallurgical Combinat	
Gold Gold	Nihon Material Co., Ltd.	Japan Austria
Gold	Ogussa Osterreichische Gold	
Gold	Ohura Precious Metal Industry Co., Ltd	Japan Russian Federation
Gold	OJSC "The Gulidov Krasnoyarsk Non-Ferrous Metals Plant" (OJSC Krastvetmet)	Russian Federation
	OJSC Novosibird Refinery	Russian Federation
Gold	OJSC Novosibirsk Refinery PAMP SA	
Gold		Switzerland China
Gold	Penglai Penggang Gold Industry Co Ltd	Russian Federation
Gold	Prioksky Plant of Non-Ferrous Metals	
Gold	PT Aneka Tambang (Persero) Tbk	Indonesia
Gold	PX Précinox SA	Switzerland
Gold	Rand Refinery (Pty) Ltd	South Africa
Gold	Remondis Argentia B.V.	Netherlands
Gold	Republic Metals Corporation	United States
Gold	Royal Canadian Mint	Canada
Gold	Sabin Metal Corp.	United States
Gold	Samduck Precious Metals	Korea
Gold	SAMWON METALS Corp.	Korea
Gold	SAXONIA Edelmetalle GmbH	Germany

Gold	Schone Edelmetaal	Netherlands
Gold	SEMPSA Joyería Platería SA	Spain
Gold	Shandong Zhaojin Gold & Silver Refinery Co. Ltd	China
Gold	Sichuan Tianze Precious Metals Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	Singway Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan
Gold	So Accurate Group, Inc.	United States
Gold	• •	Russian Federation
	SOE Shyolkovsky Factory of Secondary Precious Metals	Taiwan
Gold	Solar Applied Materials Technology Corp.	
Gold	Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	T.C.A.S.p.A	Italy
Gold	Tanaka Kikinzoku Kogyo K.K.	Japan
Gold	The Great Wall Gold and Silver Refinery of China	China China
Gold	The Refinery of Shandong Gold Mining Co. Ltd	
Gold	Tokuriki Honten Co., Ltd	Japan
Gold	Tongling nonferrous Metals Group Co., Ltd	China
Gold	Torecom	Korea
Gold	Umicore Brasil Ltda	Brazil
Gold	Umicore Precious Metals Thailand	Thailand
Gold	Umicore SA Bus Unit Precious Metals Refining	Belgium
Gold	United Precious Metal Refining, Inc.	United States
Gold	Western Australian Mint trading as The Perth Mint	Australia
Gold	WIELAND Edelmetalle GmbH	Germany
Gold	Yamamoto Precious Metal Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	Yokohama Metal Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	Yunnan Copper Industry Co Ltd	China
Gold	Zhongyuan Gold Smelter of Zhongjin Gold Corp.	China
Gold	Zijin Mining Group Co. Ltd	China
Tantalum	Changsha South Tantalum Niobium Co., Ltd.	China
Tantalum	Conghua Tantalum and Niobium Smeltry	China
Tantalum	D Block Metals, LLC	United States
Tantalum	Duoluoshan Sapphire Rare Metal Co. Ltd	China
Tantalum	Exotech Inc.	United States
Tantalum	F&X Electro-Materials Ltd.	China
Tantalum	FIR Metals & Resource Ltd.	China
Tantalum	Global Advanced Metals Aizu	Japan
Tantalum	Global Advanced Metals Boyertown	United States
Tantalum	Guangdong Zhiyuan New Material Co., Ltd.	China
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Co., Ltd.	Thailand
Tantalum	H.C. Starck GmbH Goslar	Germany
Tantalum	H.C. Starck GmbH Laufenburg	Germany
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Group	Germany
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Hermsdorf GmbH	Germany
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Inc.	United States
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Ltd.	Japan
Tantalum	Hengyang King Xing Lifeng New Materials Co. Ltd.	China

United States

Tantalum

Hi-Temp

China Tantalum Jiangxi Dinghai Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd. Tantalum Jiangxi Tuohong New Raw Material. China Tantalum JiuJiang JinXin Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd. China Tantalum Jiujiang Tanbre Co., Ltd. China Tantalum Jiujiang Zhongao Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd. China Tantalum KEMET Blue Metals Mexico Tantalum KEMET Blue Powder United States Tantalum King-Tan Tantalum Industry Ltd China Tantalum LSM Brasil S.A. Brazil Tantalum Metallurgical Products India (Pvt.) Ltd. India Tantalum Mineração Taboca S.A. Brazil Tantalum Mitsui Mining & Smelting Japan Molycorp Silmet A.S. Tantalum Estonia Tantalum Ningxia Orient Tantalum Industry Co., Ltd. China QuantumClean United States Tantalum Resind Industria e Comercio Ltda. Brazil Tantalum Tantalum RFH Tantalum Smeltry Co., Ltd China Tantalum Solikamsk Magnesium Works OAO Russian Federation Tantalum Taki Chemicals Japan Tantalum Telex Metals United States Tantalum Tranzact, Inc United States Kazakhstan Tantalum Ulba Tantalum XinXing HaoRong Electronic Material Co., Ltd. China Yichun Jin Yang Rare Metal Co., Ltd China Tantalum Tantalum Zhuzhou Cement Carbide China United States Tin Alpha Vietnam Tin An Vinh Joint Stock Mineral Processing Company Tin China Tin Group Co., Ltd. China Tin CNMC (Guangxi) PGMA Co. Ltd. China Cooperativa Metalurgica de Rondonia ltd Brazil Tin Indonesia CV Ayi Jaya Tin Tin CV DUA Sekawan Indonesia Tin CV Gita Pesona Indonesia CV JusTindo Tin Indonesia Tin CV Serumpun Sebalai Indonesia CV Tiga Sekawan Tin Indonesia Tin CV United Smelting Indonesia CV Venus Inti Perkasa Tin Indonesia Tin Japan Tin Electro-Mechanical Facility of the Cao Bang Mineral Vietnam EM Vinto Bolivia Tin Tin Estanho de Rondônia S.A. Brazil Poland Tin Fenix Metals Tin Gejiu Fengming Metallurgy Chemical Plant China Tin Gejiu Kai Meng Industry and Trade LLC China

China

Tin

Gejiu Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Co., Ltd.

Tin	Gejiu Yunxin Nonferrous Electrolysis Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	Guanyang Guida Nonferrous Metal Smelting Plant	China
Tin	HuiChang Hill Tin Industry Co. Ltd	China
Tin	Huichang Jinshunda Tin Co. Ltd	China
Tin	Jiangxi Ketai Advanced Materials Co., Ltd	China
Tin	Linwu Xianggui Smelter Co	China
Tin	Magnu's Minerais Metais e Ligas LTDA	Brazil
Tin	Malaysia Smelting Corporation (MSC)	Malaysia
Tin	Melt Metais e Ligas S/A	Brazil
Tin	Metallic Resources, Inc.	United States
Tin	Metallo Chimique	Belgium
Tin	Metallo-Chimique N.V.	Belgium
Tin	Mineração Taboca S.A.	Brazil
Tin	Minmetals Ganzhou Tin Co. Ltd.	China
Tin		
	Minsur Mitable Materials Comparation	Peru
Tin	Mitsubishi Materials Corporation	Japan
Tin	Modeltech Sdn Bhd	Malaysia
Tin	Nankang Nanshan Tin Manufactory Co., Ltd.	China Russian Federation
Tin	Novosibirsk Processing Plant Ltd.	
Tin	O.M. Manufacturing (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand
Tin	O.M. Manufacturing Philippines, Inc.	Philippines
Tin	Operaciones Metalurgical S.A.	Bolivia
Tin	Phoenix Metal Ltd.	Rwanda
Tin	PT Alam Lestari Kencana	Indonesia
Tin	PT Artha Cipta Langgeng	Indonesia
Tin	PT ATD Makmur Mandiri Jaya	Indonesia
Tin	PT Babel Inti Perkasa	Indonesia
Tin	PT Babel Surya Alam Lestari	Indonesia
Tin	PT Bangka Kudai Tin	Indonesia
Tin	PT Bangka Putra Karya	Indonesia
Tin	PT Bangka Timah Utama Sejahtera	Indonesia
Tin	PT Bangka Tin Industry	Indonesia
Tin	PT Belitung Industri Sejahtera	Indonesia
Tin	PT BilliTin Makmur Lestari	Indonesia
Tin	PT Bukit Timah	Indonesia
Tin	PT Cipta Persada Mulia	Indonesia
Tin	PT DS Jaya Abadi	Indonesia
Tin	PT Eunindo Usaha Mandiri	Indonesia
Tin	PT Fang Di MulTindo	Indonesia
Tin	PT Inti Stania Prima	Indonesia
Tin	PT Karimun Mining	Indonesia
Tin	PT Kijang Jaya Mandiri	Indonesia
Tin	PT Mitra Stania Prima	Indonesia
Tin	PT O.M. Indonesia	Indonesia
Tin	PT Panca Mega Persada	Indonesia
Tin	PT Pelat Timah Nusantara Tbk	Indonesia

Tin	PT Prima Timah Utama	Indonesia
Tin	PT Refined Bangka Tin	Indonesia
Tin	PT Sariwiguna Binasentosa	Indonesia
Tin	PT Seirama Tin investment	Indonesia
Tin	PT Stanindo Inti Perkasa	Indonesia
Tin	PT Sumber Jaya Indah	Indonesia
Tin	PT Supra Sukses Trinusa	Indonesia
Tin	PT Timah (Persero) Tbk Kundur	Indonesia
Tin	PT Timah (Persero) Tbk Mentok	Indonesia
Tin	PT Timah Nusantara	Indonesia
Tin	PT Tinindo Inter Nusa	Indonesia
Tin	PT Tommy Utama	Indonesia
Tin	PT Wahana Perkit Jaya	Indonesia
Tin	Resind Indústria e Comércio Ltda	Brazil
Tin	Rui Da Hung	Taiwan
Tin	Soft Metais, Ltda.	Brazil
Tin	Thaisarco	Thailand
Tin	VQB Mineral and Trading Group JSC	Vietnam
Tin	White Solder Metalurgia e Mineração Ltda.	Brazil
Tin	Yunnan Chengfeng Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	Yunnan Gejiu Zili Metallurgy Co. Ltd	China
Tin	Yunnan Tin Company Ltd.	China
Tungsten	A.L.M.T. TUNGSTEN Corp.	Japan
Tungsten	Asia Tungsten Products Vietnam Ltd.	Vietnam
Tungsten	Chongyi Zhangyuan Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Crucible Specialty Metals	United States
Tungsten	Dayu Jincheng Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Dayu Weiliang Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Fujian Jinxin Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Ganzhou Huaxing Tungsten Products Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Ganzhou Jiangwu Ferrotungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Ganzhou Non-ferrous Metals Smelting Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Ganzhou Seadragon W &M. Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Global Tungsten & Powders Corp	United States
Tungsten	Guangdong Xianglu Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	H.C. Starck GmbH	Germany
Tungsten	H.C. Starck Smelting GmbH & Co.KG	Germany
Tungsten	H.C.Starck GmbH	Germany
Tungsten	Hunan Chenzhou Mining Co. Ltd	China
Tungsten	Hunan Chuangda Vanadium Tungsten Co., Ltd. Wuji	China
Tungsten	Hunan Chunchang Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Hydrometallurg, JSC	Russian Federation
Tungsten	Japan New Metals Co., Ltd	Japan
Tungsten	Jiangwu H.C. Starck Tungsten Products Co., Ltd	China
Tungsten	Jiangxi Gan Bei Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
T	TO THE RESIDENCE MALE CONTRACTOR	CI:

China

Jiangxi Minmetals Gao'an Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd.

Tungsten

Tungsten	Jiangxi Tonggu Non-ferrous Metallurgical & Chemical Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Jiangxi Xinsheng Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Jiangxi Yaosheng Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Kennametal Fallon	United States
Tungsten	Kennametal Hutsville	United States
Tungsten	Malipo Haiyu Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Moliren Ltd	Russian Federation
Tungsten	Niagara Refining LLC	United States
Tungsten	Nui Phao H.C. Starck Tungsten Chemicals Manufacturing LLC	Vietnam
Tungsten	Philippine Chuangxin Industrial Co., Inc	Philippines
Tungsten	South-East Nonferrous Metal Company Ltd	China
Tungsten	Tejing (Vietnam) Tungsten Co., Ltd	Vietnam
Tungsten	Vietnam Youngsun Tungsten Industry Co. Ltd.	Vietnam
Tungsten	Wolfram Bergbau und Hutten AG	Austria
Tungsten	Woltech Korea Co., Ltd	Korea
Tungsten	Xiamen Tungsten (H.C.) Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Xiamen Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Xinfeng Huarui Tungsten & Molybdenum New Material	China

# ANNEX II

# COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN OF MINERALS REPORTED BY SUPPLIER CMRT SMELTERS AND REFINERS

United States, Japan, Germany, Uzbekistan, Brazil, Turkey, Philippines, Sweden, Mexico, Canada, Switzerland, Italy, Korea, United Arab Emirates, China, Hong Kong, Russian Federation, Kazakhstan, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, India, Austria, Indonesia, South Africa, Netherlands, Spain, Taiwan, Thailand, Belgium, Australia, Estonia, Vietnam, Bolivia, Poland, Malaysia, Peru and Rwanda.

# Icahn Enterprises L.P. and Icahn Enterprises Holdings L.P. Conflict Minerals Report (American Railcar Industries, Inc.)

# INTRODUCTION

This Conflict Minerals Report ("CMR") of Icahn Enterprises L.P. and Icahn Enterprises Holdings L.P. has been prepared pursuant to Rule 13p-1 and Form SD promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") for the reporting period from January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016 ("the Reporting Period"). Due to the nature of our business, this CMR was prepared to specifically disclose certain information relating to our operating subsidiary, American Railcar Industries, Inc. ("ARI" or the "Company").

Rule 13p-1 under the Exchange Act requires the disclosure of certain information when a company manufactures or contracts to manufacture products for which "Conflict Minerals" are necessary to the functionality or production of those products. "Conflict Minerals" for the purposes of Rule 13p-1 are gold, columbite-tantalite (coltan), cassiterite, and wolframite (including their derivatives, tantalum, tin and tungsten, and other minerals or derivatives the U.S. Secretary of State may designate in the future). The "Covered Countries" for the purposes of Rule 13p-1 are the Democratic Republic of the Congo ("the DRC"), the Republic of the Congo, the Central African Republic, South Sudan, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, Tanzania, Zambia, and Angola.

In accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") guidance, this CMR is not audited.

As required by Rule 13p-1, this CMR relates to products: (i) for which Conflict Minerals are necessary to the functionality or production of those products; (ii) that were manufactured, or contracted to be manufactured, by the Company; and (iii) for which the manufacture was completed during the Reporting Period. These products, which are collectively referred to in this report as the "Covered Products", include railcars and certain railcar components manufactured or sourced by ARI's Manufacturing segment. The Company believes that only a small portion of the materials content of the Covered Products constitute Conflict Minerals necessary to their functionality and/or production.

Reasonable Country of Origin Inquiry ("RCOI")

ARI conducted a good faith RCOI regarding the necessary Conflict Minerals used in its products. This good faith RCOI was designed to reasonably determine whether any of the necessary Conflict Minerals originated in the Covered Countries or came from recycled or scrap sources.

The Company's primary means of determining the country of origin of such Conflict Minerals was by conducting a supply chain survey. The "Conflict Minerals Committee" (as defined below), having direct knowledge and expertise with respect to ARI's supply chain composition, first reviewed the listing of materials for Covered Products received during 2016 to identify those materials reasonably likely to contain Conflict Minerals. After cross-referencing the Conflict Minerals Committee's findings against prior-year RCOI and due diligence results, ARI identified fewer than 5% of the Company's direct suppliers as supplying such materials ("Potential CM Suppliers"). Potential CM Suppliers were asked to complete the Electronic Industry Citizenship Coalition/Global e-Sustainability Initiative Conflict Minerals Reporting Template ("the Template") to identify smelters and refiners. Where applicable, the Company also inquired and/or obtained supplier policies on Conflict Minerals and made follow-up inquiries with appropriate supplier personnel.

# **DUE DILIGENCE PROCESS**

Design of Due Diligence

Based on the Company's RCOI, the Company was also required to exercise due diligence on the source and chain of custody of the Conflict Minerals in its products. The design of the due diligence measures described below is intended to comply in all material respects with the *Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development ("OECD") Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High Risk Areas: Third Edition*, including the related supplements on gold, tin, tantalum and tungsten (collectively, "the OECD Guidance"). The OECD Guidance is an internationally recognized due diligence framework for identifying the source of Conflict Minerals, which includes the following steps:

- Step 1: Establish strong company management systems
- Step 2: Identify and assess risks in the supply chain
- Step 3: Design and implement a strategy to respond to identified risks
- Step 4: Carry out independent third-party audit of smelter(s)/refiner(s) due diligence practices
- Step 5: Report annually on supply chain due diligence

The OECD Guidance is written for the entire mineral supply chain and therefore ARI's due diligence measures were tailored to include steps appropriate for "downstream" companies such as the Company.

# Due Diligence Measures Performed

The Company's supply chain is complex. Numerous third-parties are involved in the network that exists between ARI's suppliers and the original sources of any Conflict Minerals. Because the Company does not purchase Conflict Minerals directly from mines, smelters or refiners, it must rely on its suppliers to provide information regarding the origin of the Conflict Minerals in ARI's products. Given this context, the Company undertook the following measures to exercise due diligence on the source and chain of custody of the Conflict Minerals in its products for the Reporting Period:

- (i) ARI has established a management system to support its supply chain due diligence.
  - a. ARI maintains an organizational structure and communication process that is intended to establish a system of transparency over its supply chain. This system is meant to help ARI obtain critical information regarding the supply chain of Conflict Minerals used in its products.
  - b. ARI has a company policy regarding Conflict Minerals. This policy is publicly available on the Company's website: <a href="mailto:americanrailcar.com">americanrailcar.com</a>. Employees, suppliers and other interested parties can contact ARI regarding its Conflict Minerals policy either in writing or by phone.
  - c. Authority and responsibility are assigned to a multi-disciplinary team comprised of ARI's Director of Purchasing, Manager of Financial Reporting, and Manager of Internal Audit (collectively, the "Conflict Minerals Committee"). The Conflict Minerals Committee receives periodic support from ARI's General Counsel and reports all Conflict Minerals matters directly to ARI's Chief Financial Officer.
  - d. ARI has distributed communications to its suppliers making them aware of Rule 13p-1 and ARI's related policies. Conflict Minerals provisions have been incorporated into supplier contracts and purchase orders through the Company's updated standard terms and conditions as published on its website.
  - e. ARI maintains business records relating to Conflict Minerals due diligence in accordance with the Company's existing policies and/or processes.
- (ii) ARI has taken steps to identify and assess risk in its supply chain.
  - a. As described above, ARI identified Potential CM Suppliers in its supply chain during the Reporting Period and sent those suppliers a copy of the Template (a "Survey").
  - b. Of the Potential CM Suppliers surveyed, 100% provided a Survey response, however 11% of these responses were incomplete or provided inconsistent information. Follow-up reminders and inquiries were sent to suppliers who provided incomplete responses.
  - c. Of the Potential CM Suppliers who provided complete Survey responses, all indicated that their products contained Conflict Minerals, of which 37.5% indicated that the Conflict Minerals did not originate from the Covered Countries and 25% indicated that their products were made from recycled or scrap products. The remaining 37.5% indicated that their products contained Conflict Minerals that may have originated from the Covered Countries. Some of these responses also indicated that some or all of the smelters or refiners used are "compliant" under the Conflict Free Sourcing Initiative (CFSI) Conflict-Free Smelter Program.
- (iii) ARI has designed and implemented a strategy to respond to identified risks.
  - a. ARI's Conflict Minerals Committee monitors internal accountability with respect to the implementation of the supply chain due diligence process and reports its findings of the supply chain risk assessment to upper level management and the Audit Committee of ARI's Board of Directors.
  - b. ARI has designed and implemented a risk management plan that includes, but is not limited to, requests for Potential CM Suppliers to complete surveys and engaging in follow-up discussions with suppliers about the composition of their products and materials. In addition, the Company has incorporated Conflict Minerals language into ARI's supplier contracts. If a supplier identifies that it has Conflict Minerals in the products or materials it supplies, it is added to the list of Potential CM Suppliers and ARI actively engages with that supplier to identify the locations of the smelter(s)/refiner(s) of those Conflict Minerals and to obtain a copy of their Conflict Mineral policies.

- c. For certain Survey responses that identified smelters or refiners in ARI's supply chain that are providing Conflict Minerals, ARI reviewed the CFSI Conflict-Free Smelter Program lists to determine if those smelters or refiners are compliant with the CFSI Conflict-Free Smelter Program.
- (iv) ARI has determined that reliance upon independent third-party audits of smelter/refiner due diligence practices by the CFSI is appropriate.
  - a. ARI is a downstream company and is many steps removed from the smelters and refiners that produce the necessary Conflict Minerals contained in ARI's products. ARI does not purchase raw minerals or ores, and does not, to the best of its knowledge, directly purchase Conflict Minerals from any of the Covered Countries. Accordingly, ARI does not perform or direct Conflict Mineral audits of these entities' supply chains. However, ARI supports industry-wide efforts and the development and implementation of independent third-party audits of smelters and refiners, such as the CFSI's Conflict-Free Smelter Program.
- (v) ARI complies with Step 5 of the OECD Guidance through its filing of this report (and the related Form SD) with the SEC and by making these materials publicly available on its website at americanrailcar.com.

#### DUE DILIGENCE RESULTS AND RISK MITIGATION

Based on the information provided by the suppliers that ARI surveyed and otherwise obtained through the due diligence process, ARI believes that, to the extent reasonably determinable by ARI, the facilities that were used to process the Conflict Minerals contained in the Covered Products included the 325 smelters or refiners listed in Annex I.

Annex I includes only facilities that are listed in the Template as "Known Smelters or Refineries". Of these 325 Known Smelters or Refineries, 244 received a "conflict-free" designation from an independent third party audit program as of May 17, 2017.

Despite repeated efforts to obtain completed Surveys, one supplier provided responses that indicated the origin of Conflict Minerals could not currently be determined. Despite its due diligence efforts, because the Company is several levels removed from the source of the Conflict Minerals, it was unable to identify or further investigate the source of any Conflict Minerals supplied by certain suppliers who were either non-responsive or uncertain about where the Conflict Minerals used in products they supplied to the Company originated. Therefore, the Company does not have sufficient information to determine the facilities used to process, the country of origin, or mine or location of origin of every Conflict Mineral in the Covered Products.

The Company expects to continue taking the following steps, among others, to improve its due diligence measures and to further mitigate the risk that the necessary Conflict Minerals contained in the Company's supply chain benefit armed groups in the Covered Countries:

- (i.) Engage with suppliers to obtain current, accurate, and complete information about the supply chain;
- (ii.) Encourage suppliers to implement responsible sourcing;
- (iii.) Review "conflict-free" smelter lists from independent "conflict-free" smelter validation programs, such as CFSI's Conflict-Free Smelter Program; and
- (iv.) Monitor regulatory or legislative changes to the Conflict Minerals rules.

ARI has provided information as of the date of this report. Subsequent events, such as the inability or unwillingness of any suppliers, smelters or refiners to comply with ARI's Conflict Minerals Policy, may affect ARI's future determinations under Rule 13p-1.

The Company also completed a Survey for each of its requesting customers for the Reporting Period. ARI supports its customers' reporting obligations as required by Rule 13p-1.

Website addresses are included in this report for reference only. Any information contained on ARI's website is not incorporated by reference into this report.

### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this report may be "forward-looking" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as "intends," "expects," "plans," "believes," "estimates," "anticipates," and similar expressions are used to identify these forward-looking statements. Examples of forward-looking statements include statements relating to the Company's future plans, and any other statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. Forward-looking statements are

isks, uncertainties and change	nt expectations and assumptions in circumstances that are difatements speak only as of the y federal securities laws.	ficult to predict. Actual	outcomes and results ma	y differ materially from th	ese forward-looking

# ANNEX I

Metal	Smelter Name	Smelter Country
old	Abington Reldan Metals, LLC	United States
Gold	Advanced Chemical Company	United States
fold	Aida Chemical Industries Co., Ltd.	Japan
old	Al Etihad Gold Refinery DMCC	United Arab Emirates
old	Allgemeine Gold-und Silberscheideanstalt A.G.	Germany
old	Almalyk Mining and Metallurgical Complex (AMMC)	Uzbekistan
old	AngloGold Ashanti Córrego do Sítio Mineração	Brazil
old	Argor-Heraeus S.A.	Switzerland
old	Asahi Pretec Corp.	Japan
fold	Asahi Refining Canada Ltd.	Canada
fold	Asahi Refining USA Inc.	United States
old	Asaka Riken Co., Ltd.	Japan
old	Atasay Kuyumculuk Sanayi Ve Ticaret A.S.	Turkey
old	AU Traders and Refiners	South Africa
fold	AURA-II	United States
fold	Aurubis AG	Germany
fold	Bangalore Refinery	India
old	Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (Central Bank of the Philippines)	Philippines
fold	Boliden AB	Sweden
old	C. Hafner GmbH + Co. KG	Germany
fold	Caridad	Mexico
fold	CCR Refinery - Glencore Canada Corporation	Canada
old	Cendres + Métaux S.A.	Switzerland
old	Chimet S.p.A.	Italy
old	Chugai Mining	Japan
old	Daejin Indus Co., Ltd.	Korea, Republic of
old	Daye Non-Ferrous Metals Mining Ltd.	China
old	Degussa Sonne / Mond Goldhandel GmbH	Germany
old	DODUCO GmbH	Germany
old	Dowa	Japan
old	DSC (Do Sung Corporation)	Korea, Republic of
old	Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd.	Japan
old	Elemetal Refining, LLC	United States
old	Emirates Gold DMCC	United Arab Emirates
old	Fidelity Printers and Refiners Ltd.	Zimbabwe
fold	Gansu Seemine Material Hi-Tech Co., Ltd.	China
old	Geib Refining Corporation	United States
old	Great Wall Precious Metals Co., Ltd. of CBPM	China
old	Guangdong Jinding Gold Limited	China
old	Gujarat Gold Centre	India
old	Guoda Safina High-Tech Environmental Refinery Co., Ltd.	China
old	Hangzhou Fuchunjiang Smelting Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	Heimerle + Meule GmbH	Germany

Gold	Heraeus Ltd. Hong Kong	China
Gold	Heraeus Precious Metals GmbH & Co. KG	Germany
Gold	Hunan Chenzhou Mining Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	HwaSeong CJ Co., Ltd.	Korea, Republic of
Gold	Inner Mongolia Qiankun Gold and Silver Refinery Share Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	Ishifuku Metal Industry Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	Istanbul Gold Refinery	Turkey
Gold	Japan Mint	Japan
Gold	Jiangxi Copper Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	JSC Ekaterinburg Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Plant	Russian Federation
Gold	JSC Uralelectromed	Russian Federation
Gold	JX Nippon Mining & Metals Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	Kaloti Precious Metals	United Arab Emirates
Gold	Kazakhmys Smelting LLC	Kazakhstan
Gold	Kazzinc	Kazakhstan
Gold	Kennecott Utah Copper LLC	United States
Gold	KGHM Polska Miedz Spólka Akcyjna	Poland
Gold	Kojima Chemicals Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	Korea Zinc Co., Ltd.	Korea, Republic of
Gold	Kyrgyzaltyn JSC	Kyrgyzstan
Gold	L'azurde Company For Jewelry	Saudi Arabia
Gold	Lingbao Gold Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	Lingbao Jinyuan Tonghui Refinery Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	LS-NIKKO Copper Inc.	Korea, Republic of
Gold	Luoyang Zijin Yinhui Gold Refinery Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	Materion	United States
Gold	Matsuda Sangyo Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	Metalor Technologies (Hong Kong) Ltd.	China
Gold	Metalor Technologies (Singapore) Pte., Ltd.	Singapore
Gold	Metalor Technologies (Suzhou) Ltd.	China
Gold	Metalor Technologies S.A.	Switzerland
Gold	Metalor USA Refining Corporation	United States
Gold	Metalúrgica Met-Mex Peñoles S.A. De C.V.	Mexico
Gold	Mitsubishi Materials Corporation	Japan
Gold	Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	MMTC-PAMP India Pvt., Ltd.	India
Gold	Modeltech Sdn Bhd	Malaysia
Gold	Morris and Watson	New Zealand
Gold	Moscow Special Alloys Processing Plant	Russian Federation
Gold	Nadir Metal Rafineri San. Ve Tic. A.S.	Turkey
Gold	Navoi Mining and Metallurgical Combinat	Uzbekistan
Gold	Nihon Material Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	Ögussa Österreichische Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt GmbH	Austria
Gold	Ohura Precious Metal Industry Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	OJSC "The Gulidov Krasnoyarsk Non-Ferrous Metals Plant" (OJSC Krastsvetmet)	Russian Federation
Gold	OJSC Novosibirsk Refinery	Russian Federation

Gold	PAMP S.A.	Switzerland
Gold	Penglai Penggang Gold Industry Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	Prioksky Plant of Non-Ferrous Metals	Russian Federation
Gold	PT Aneka Tambang (Persero) Tbk	Indonesia
Gold	PX Précinox S.A.	Switzerland
Gold	Rand Refinery (Pty) Ltd.	South Africa
Gold	Remondis Argentia B.V.	Netherlands
Gold	Republic Metals Corporation	United States
Gold	Royal Canadian Mint	Canada
Gold	SAAMP	France
Gold	Sabin Metal Corp.	United States
Gold	SAFINA A.S.	Czech Republic
Gold	Sai Refinery	India
Gold	Samduck Precious Metals	Korea, Republic of
Gold	Samwon Metals Corp.	Korea, Republic of
Gold	SAXONIA Edelmetalle GmbH	Germany
Gold	Schone Edelmetaal B.V.	Netherlands
Gold	SEMPSA Joyería Platería S.A.	Spain
Gold	Shandong Tiancheng Biological Gold Industrial Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	Shandong Zhaojin Gold & Silver Refinery Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	Sichuan Tianze Precious Metals Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	Singway Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan, Province of China
Gold	So Accurate Group, Inc.	United States
Gold	SOE Shyolkovsky Factory of Secondary Precious Metals	Russian Federation
Gold	Solar Applied Materials Technology Corp.	Taiwan, Province of China
Gold	Sudan Gold Refinery	Sudan
Gold	Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	T.C.A S.p.A	Italy
Gold	Tanaka Kikinzoku Kogyo K.K.	Japan
Gold	The Refinery of Shandong Gold Mining Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	Tokuriki Honten Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	Tongling Nonferrous Metals Group Co., Ltd.	China
Gold	Tony Goetz NV	Belgium
Gold	TOO Tau-Ken-Altyn	Kazakhstan
Gold	Torecom	Korea, Republic of
Gold	Umicore Brasil Ltda.	Brazil
Gold	Umicore Precious Metals Thailand	Thailand
Gold	Umicore S.A. Business Unit Precious Metals Refining	Belgium
Gold	United Precious Metal Refining, Inc.	United States
Gold	Universal Precious Metals Refining Zambia	Zambia
Gold	Valcambi S.A.	Switzerland
Gold	Western Australian Mint trading as The Perth Mint	Australia
Gold	WIELAND Edelmetalle GmbH	Germany
Gold	Yamamoto Precious Metal Co., Ltd.	Japan
Gold	Yokohama Metal Co., Ltd.	Japan

China Gold Yunnan Copper Industry Co., Ltd. Gold Zhongyuan Gold Smelter of Zhongjin Gold Corporation China Gold Zijin Mining Group Co., Ltd. Gold Refinery China Changsha South Tantalum Niobium Co., Ltd. China Tantalum Tantalum Conghua Tantalum and Niobium Smeltry China D Block Metals, LLC United States Tantalum Tantalum Duoluoshan China Tantalum Exotech Inc. United States Tantalum F&X Electro-Materials Ltd. China Tantalum FIR Metals & Resource Ltd. China Tantalum Global Advanced Metals United States Tantalum Global Advanced Metals Aizu Japan Global Advanced Metals Boyertown **Tantalum** United States Tantalum Guangdong Zhiyuan New Material Co., Ltd. China H.C. Starck Co., Ltd. Tantalum Thailand Tantalum H.C. Starck GmbH Goslar Germany H.C. Starck GmbH Laufenburg Tantalum Germany Tantalum H.C. Starck Group Germany Tantalum H.C. Starck Hermsdorf GmbH Germany Tantalum H.C. Starck Inc. United States Tantalum H.C. Starck Ltd. Japan Tantalum H.C. Starck Smelting GmbH & Co. KG Germany Tantalum Hengyang King Xing Lifeng New Materials Co., Ltd. China Tantalum Hi-Temp Specialty Metals, Inc. United States Tantalum Jiangxi Dinghai Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd. China Tantalum Jiangxi Tuohong New Raw Material China JiuJiang JinXin Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd. China Tantalum Tantalum Jiujiang Tanbre Co., Ltd. China Tantalum Jiujiang Zhongao Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd. China Tantalum **KEMET Blue Metals** Mexico Tantalum KEMET Blue Powder United States Tantalum King-Tan Tantalum Industry Ltd. China Tantalum LSM Brasil S.A. Brazil Tantalum Metallurgical Products India Pvt., Ltd. India Tantalum Mineração Taboca S.A. Brazil Tantalum Mitsui Mining & Smelting Japan Tantalum Molycorp Silmet A.S. Estonia Tantalum Ningxia Orient Tantalum Industry Co., Ltd. China Tantalum Plansee Austria Plansee SE Liezen Tantalum Austria Tantalum Plansee SE Reutte Austria Tantalum Power Resources Ltd. Macedonia QuantumClean United States Tantalum Tantalum Resind Indústria e Comércio Ltda. Brazil Tantalum RFH Tantalum Smeltry Co., Ltd. China

Russian Federation

Tantalum

Solikamsk Magnesium Works OAO

Tantalum	Taki Chemical Co., Ltd.	Japan
Tantalum	Telex Metals	United States
Tantalum	Tranzact, Inc.	United States
Tantalum	Ulba Metallurgical Plant JSC	Kazakhstan
Tantalum	XinXing HaoRong Electronic Material Co., Ltd.	China
Tantalum	Yichun Jin Yang Rare Metal Co., Ltd.	China
Tantalum	Zhuzhou Cemented Carbide Group Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	Alpha	United States
Tin	An Thai Minerals Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
Tin	An Vinh Joint Stock Mineral Processing Company	Vietnam
Tin	Chenzhou Yunxiang Mining and Metallurgy Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	China Tin Group Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	CNMC (Guangxi) PGMA Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	Cooperativa Metalurgica de Rondônia Ltda.	Brazil
Tin	CV Ayi Jaya	Indonesia
Tin	CV Dua Sekawan	Indonesia
Tin	CV Gita Pesona	Indonesia
Tin	CV Serumpun Sebalai	Indonesia
Tin	CV Tiga Sekawan	Indonesia
Tin		Indonesia
Tin	CV Venus Inti Perkasa	Indonesia
Tin	Dowa	Japan
Tin	Electro-Mechanical Facility of the Cao Bang Minerals & Metallurgy Joint Stock Company	Vietnam
Tin	Elmet S.L.U.	Spain
Tin	EM Vinto	Bolivia
Tin	Estanho de Rondônia S.A.	Brazil
Tin	Fenix Metals	Poland
Tin	Gejiu Fengming Metallurgy Chemical Plant	China
Tin	Gejiu Jinye Mineral Company	China
Tin	Gejiu Kai Meng Industry and Trade LLC	China
Tin	Gejiu Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	Gejiu Yunxin Nonferrous Electrolysis Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	Gejiu Zili Mining And Metallurgy Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	Guanyang Guida Nonferrous Metal Smelting Plant	China
Tin	HuiChang Hill Tin Industry Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	Huichang Jinshunda Tin Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	Jiangxi Ketai Advanced Material Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	Magnu's Minerais Metais e Ligas Ltda.	Brazil
Tin	Malaysia Smelting Corporation (MSC)	Malaysia
Tin	Melt Metais e Ligas S.A.	Brazil
Tin	Metallic Resources, Inc.	United States
Tin	•	Belgium
Tin	·	Brazil
Tin		Peru
Tin	Mitsubishi Materials Corporation	Japan
Tin	Modeltech Sdn Bhd	Malaysia

Tin	Nankang Nanshan Tin Manufactory Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	Nghe Tinh Non-Ferrous Metals Joint Stock Company	Vietnam
Tin	O.M. Manufacturing (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand
Tin	O.M. Manufacturing Philippines, Inc.	Philippines
Tin	Operaciones Metalurgical S.A.	Bolivia
Tin	Phoenix Metal Ltd.	Rwanda
Tin	PT Aries Kencana Sejahtera	Indonesia
Tin	PT Artha Cipta Langgeng	Indonesia
Tin	PT ATD Makmur Mandiri Jaya	Indonesia
Tin	PT Babel Inti Perkasa	Indonesia
Tin	PT Bangka Kudai Tin	Indonesia
Tin	PT Bangka Prima Tin	Indonesia
Tin	PT Bangka Tin Industry	Indonesia
Tin	PT Belitung Industri Sejahtera	Indonesia
Tin	PT Bukit Timah	Indonesia
Tin	PT Cipta Persada Mulia	Indonesia
Tin	PT DS Jaya Abadi	Indonesia
Tin	PT Eunindo Usaha Mandiri	Indonesia
Tin	PT Inti Stania Prima	Indonesia
Tin	PT Justindo	Indonesia
Tin	PT Karimun Mining	Indonesia
Tin	PT Kijang Jaya Mandiri	Indonesia
Tin	PT Lautan Harmonis Sejahtera	Indonesia
Tin	PT Mitra Stania Prima	Indonesia
Tin	PT O.M. Indonesia	Indonesia
Tin	PT Panca Mega Persada	Indonesia
Tin	PT Pelat Timah Nusantara Tbk	Indonesia
Tin	PT Prima Timah Utama	Indonesia
Tin	PT Refined Bangka Tin	Indonesia
Tin	PT Sariwiguna Binasentosa	Indonesia
Tin	PT Stanindo Inti Perkasa	Indonesia
Tin	PT Sukses Inti Makmur	Indonesia
Tin	PT Sumber Jaya Indah	Indonesia
Tin	PT Timah (Persero) Tbk Kundur	Indonesia
Tin	PT Timah (Persero) Tbk Mentok	Indonesia
Tin	PT Tinindo Inter Nusa	Indonesia
Tin	PT Tirus Putra Mandiri	Indonesia
Tin	PT Tommy Utama	Indonesia
Tin	PT Wahana Perkit Jaya	Indonesia
Tin	Resind Indústria e Comércio Ltda.	Brazil
Tin	Rui Da Hung	Taiwan, Province of China
Tin	Soft Metais Ltda.	Brazil
Tin	Thaisarco	Thailand
Tin	Tuyen Quang Non-Ferrous Metals Joint Stock Company	Vietnam
Tin	VQB Mineral and Trading Group JSC	Vietnam

Brazil

Tin

White Solder Metalurgia e Mineração Ltda.

Tin	Yunnan Chengfeng Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd.	China
Tin	Yunnan Tin Company Limited	China
Tungsten	A.L.M.T. TUNGSTEN Corp.	Japan
Tungsten	ACL Metais Eireli	Brazil
Tungsten	ATC(Asia Tungsten Product Co., Ltd)	Vietnam
Tungsten	Chenzhou Diamond Tungsten Products Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Chongyi Zhangyuan Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Dayu Jincheng Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Dayu Weiliang Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Fujian Jinxin Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Ganxian Shirui New Material Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Ganzhou Huaxing Tungsten Products Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Ganzhou Jiangwu Ferrotungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Ganzhou Non-ferrous Metals Smelting Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Ganzhou Seadragon W & Mo Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Ganzhou Yatai Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Global Tungsten & Powders Corp.	United States
Tungsten	Guangdong Xianglu Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	H.C. Starck GmbH	Germany
Tungsten	H.C. Starck Smelting GmbH & Co.KG	Germany
Tungsten	Hunan Chenzhou Mining Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Hunan Chuangda Vanadium Tungsten Co., Ltd. Wuji	China
Tungsten	Hunan Chuangda Vanadium Tungsten Co., Ltd. Yanglin	China
Tungsten	Hunan Chunchang Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Hydrometallurg, JSC	Russian Federation
Tungsten	Japan New Metals Co., Ltd.	Japan
Tungsten	Jiangwu H.C. Starck Tungsten Products Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Jiangxi Dayu Longxintai Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Jiangxi Gan Bei Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Jiangxi Minmetals Gao'an Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Jiangxi Tonggu Non-ferrous Metallurgical & Chemical Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Jiangxi Xinsheng Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Jiangxi Xiushui Xianggan Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Jiangxi Yaosheng Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Kennametal Fallon	United States
Tungsten	Kennametal Huntsville	United States
Tungsten	Malipo Haiyu Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Moliren Ltd	Russian Federation
Tungsten	Niagara Refining LLC	United States
Tungsten	Nui Phao H.C. Starck Tungsten Chemicals Manufacturing LLC	Vietnam
Tungsten	Philippine Chuangxin Industrial Co., Inc.	Philippines
Tungsten	Pobedit, JSC	Russian Federation
Tungsten	Sanher Tungsten Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
Tungsten	South-East Nonferrous Metal Company Limited of Hengyang City	China
Tungsten	Tejing (Vietnam) Tungsten Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
Tungsten	Unecha Refractory metals plant	Russian Federation

Tungsten	Vietnam Youngsun Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
Tungsten	Wolfram Bergbau und Hütten AG	Austria
Tungsten	Woltech Korea Co., Ltd.	Korea, Republic of
Tungsten	Xiamen Tungsten (H.C.) Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Xiamen Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Xinfeng Huarui Tungsten & Molybdenum New Material Co., Ltd.	China
Tungsten	Xinhai Rendan Shaoguan Tungsten Co., Ltd.	China